द्वारा विचार नहीं किया जाता। वास्तव में भारतीय कंपनियां विदेशी सहयोग पर सरकार की अनुमति के लिए आवेदन करती हैं और ऐसे आवेदन की प्राप्त होने पर सम्बन्धित प्राधिकारियों के परामर्श से जांच की जाती है। वर्ष 1984 की अवधि में इटली की फर्मों के साथ विदेशी सहयोग के 151 प्रस्तावों को मंजरी दी गई है। सभी स्वीकृत विदेशी सहयोगों के ब्यौरे जैसे भारतीय और विदेशी फर्मों के नाम, विनिर्माण की वस्तु और सहयोग का स्वरूप भारतीय निवेश केन्द्र द्वारा पूरक के रूप में मासिक आधार पर प्रकाशित मंथली न्यज लैटर में प्रकाशित किए जाते हैं। इस प्रकाशन की प्रतियां नियमित रूप से संसद पुस्तकालय में भेजी जाती है।

Setting up of a Bench of High Court at Guntur

867. SHRI GOPALA RAO RAO: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is any proposal under Government's consideration to set up a High Court Bench at Guntur, Andhra Pradesh;

(b) whether the State Government of Andhra Pradesh has requested the Central Government in this regard; and

(c) if so, what are the details of the proposal and the action proposed to be taken by the Central Government there on?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) and (b) No, Sir.

(c) Does not arise.

Establishment of a High Court in Tripura

868. SHRI NARAYAN KAR: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that a unanimous resolution was adopted by Tripura Legislative Assembly during its last session demanding immediate establishment of a High Court in Tripura; and

(b) if so, what steps have been taken by the Central Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) Central Government have no information about any such resolution.

(b) It has been decided to establish separate High Courts in each of the States, including Tripura, in the North-eastern region by undertaking Parliamentary legislation.

Progress of rural electrification

869. DR. MOHD. HASHIM KIDWAI: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) the names of States which have achieved cent per cent or near cent per cent rural electrification and names of those States which failed to electrify even 50 per cent of their villages:

(b) what are the reasons for this uneven percentage; and

(c) what steps the Union Government propose to take to remove the constraints and to co-ordinate activities of various agencies involved so as to achieve the target of rural electrification within a time bound programme?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) Haryana, Kerala, Punjab and Tamilnadu have achieved cent per cent village electrification. Gujarat, Himachal Pradesh, Jammu

& Kashmir, Karnataka and Maharashtra are nearing cent per cent electrification. Manipur, Meghalaya, Tripura and Arunachal Pradesh have not achieved 50 per cent of village electrification.

(b) The slow progress of village electrification in some States is due to shortage of power, difficult terrain in hilly and tribal areas, poor load growth, short supply of construction materials, inadequate sub-transmission system, etc.

(c) The States which had less than 65 per cent village electrification as on 31-3-1985 have been covered under Revised Minimum Needs Programme during the Seventh Plan. Under this Programme, funds are allocated on liberal terms to supplement the efforts of the States so as to bring them to the desired level of electrification. Periodical review meetings are being held with the State Governments/ State Electricity Boards/Rural Electrification Corporation to increase the pace of electrification and eectively coordinate the activities of the State Electrcity Boards with other developmental agencies of the States.

Taking over of BSES

870. SHRI PRAMOD MAHAJAN: Will the Minister of ENERGY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Government of India have directed the Government of Maharashtra to prevent the Maharashtra State Electricity Board from take over the Bombay Sub-urban Electric Supply; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF POWER IN THE MINISTRY OF ENERGY (SHRIMATI SUSHILA ROHATGI): (a) No, Sir.

(b) Does not arise.

Secooters India Ltd.

871. SHRI LAL K. ADVANI:

SHRI PRAMOD MAHJAN:

Will the Minister of INDUSTRY be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the Scooters India Ltd. manages to produce a scooter that costs about Rs. 22,000/- and then sells it for about Rs. 10,500/-; and

(b) if so, what are the facts and how much public money has been spent by the Scooters India Ltd. during the last three years, year-wise, to pay for its annual losses?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC ENTERPRISES IN THE MINISTRY OF INDUSTRY (PROF. K. K. TEWARY): (a) and (b) Whereas the sale price of Scooters is fixed by Scooters India Limited on market considerations, the cost of production is comparatively high on account of unabsorbed fixed overheads resulting from low capacity utilisation and interest burden.

Non-Plan assistance given by Government to Scooters India Limited in the last three years are:

Year	Amount Rs. in lakhs
1984-85	750
1985/86	600
1986/87	900

Acts passed by parliament

872. SHRI SATYA PRAKASH MALAVIYA : Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state :

(a) the names of the Bills passed by Parliament with reference to the date on which they were passed but to which assent of the President is awaited; and

(b) the names of the Bills which have been passed by Parliament to which assent of the President has been given but have not yet been enforced?